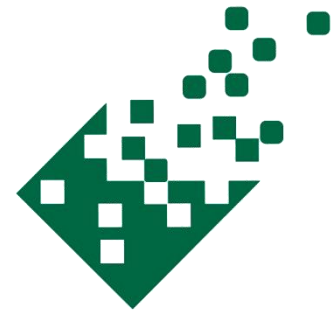


# Air Quality Modelling in Tehran

**Air Quality Control Company  
(AQCC)**



Yousef Rashidi (PhD)  
Managing Director  
rashidi@tehran.ir

# Air Quality Control Company (AQCC)

*air.Tehran.ir*

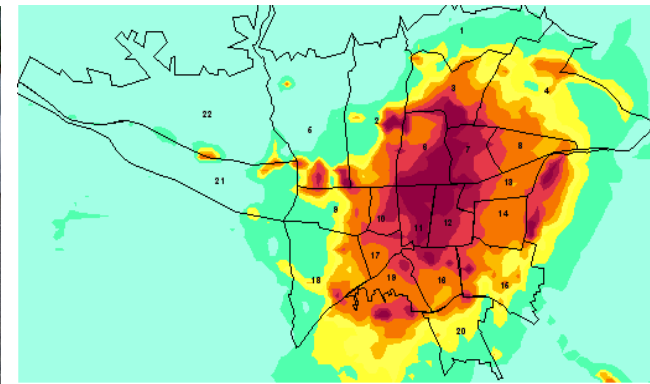
## Air & Noise Pollution

### ➤ Measurements

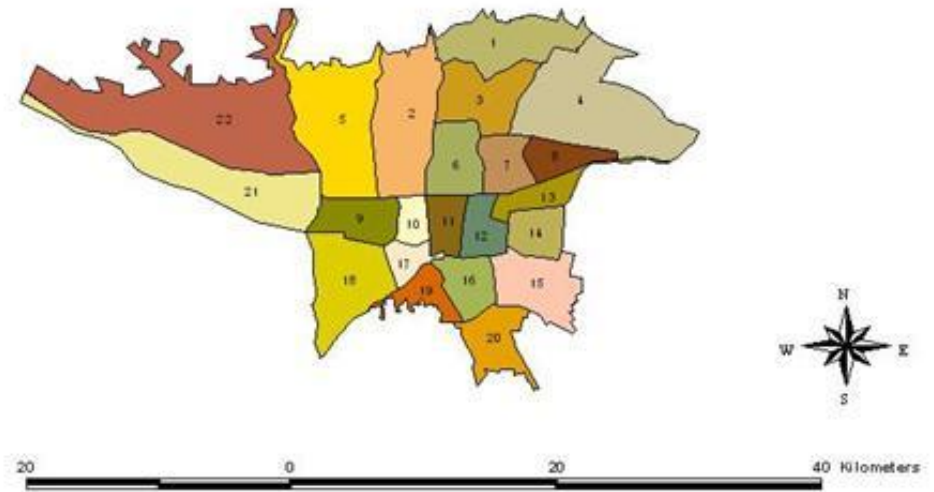
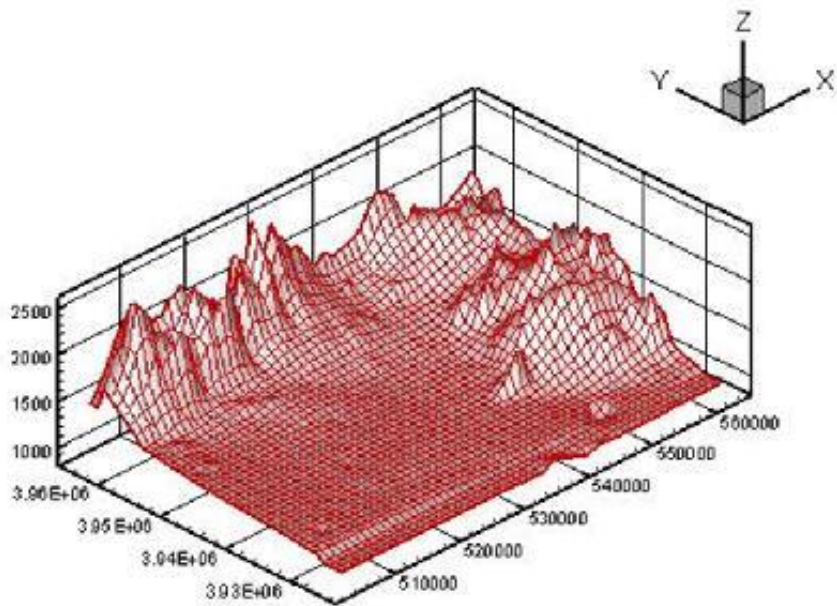
- Ambient
- Vehicle
- Industrial



### ➤ Mathematical Modeling (Airviro, Predictor, SoundPlan)



# Tehran Characteristics

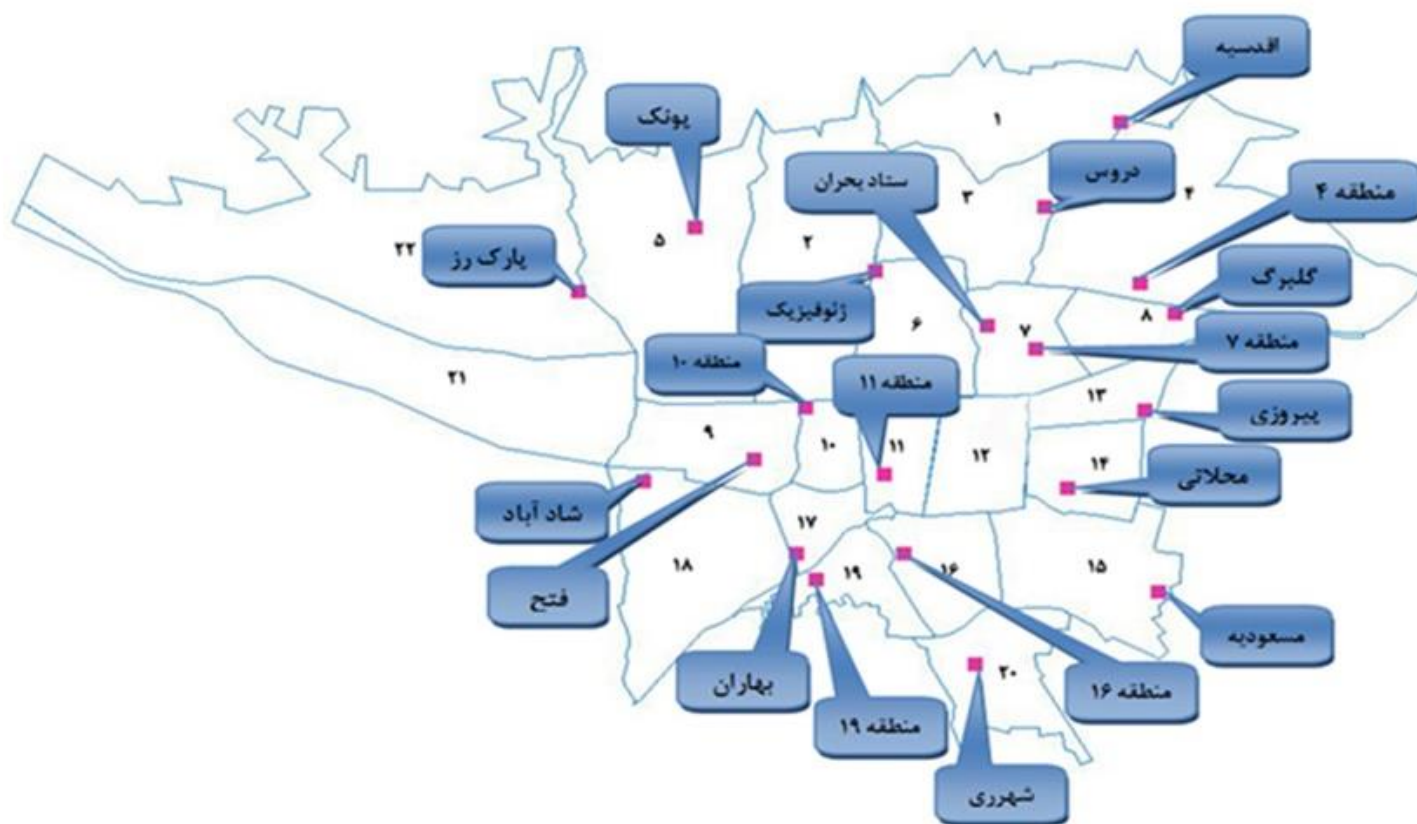


Area : 780 km<sup>2</sup>

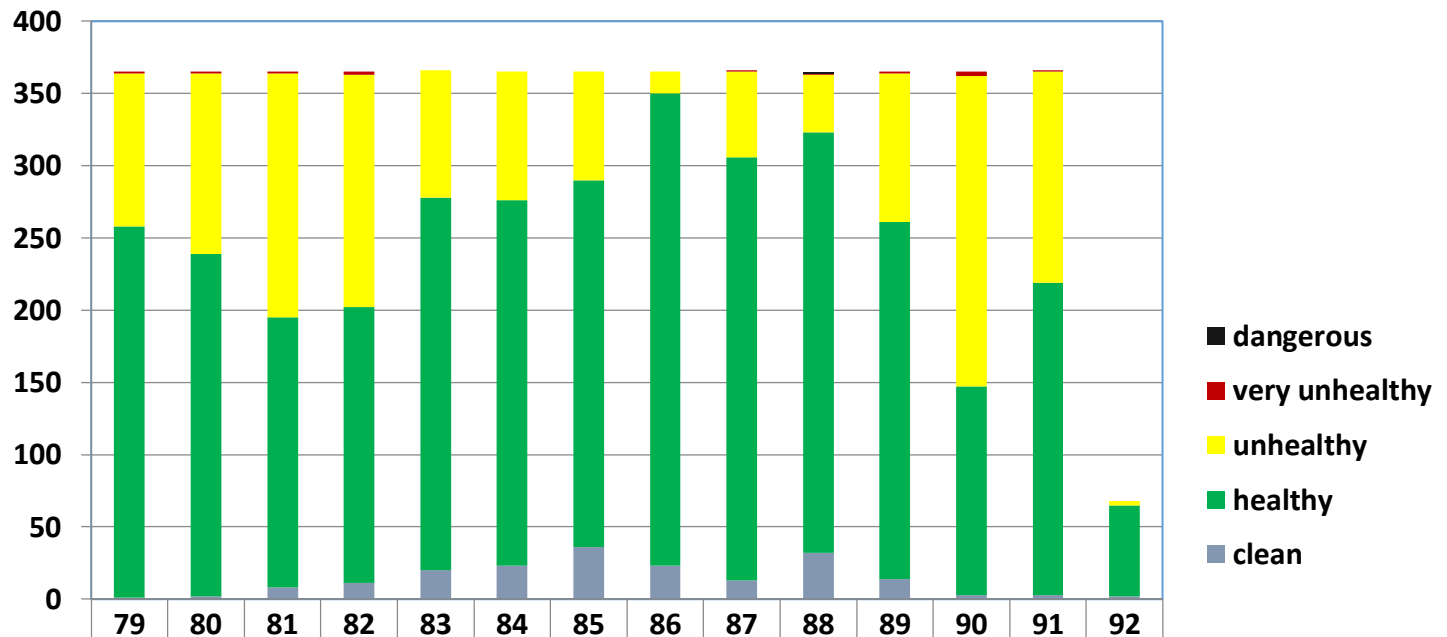
Population: 0.7 million in 1941 to 7,230,000 in 2005

Petrol Consumption: 10 ~ 13 Million liters per day

# Air Quality Monitoring (AQCC)

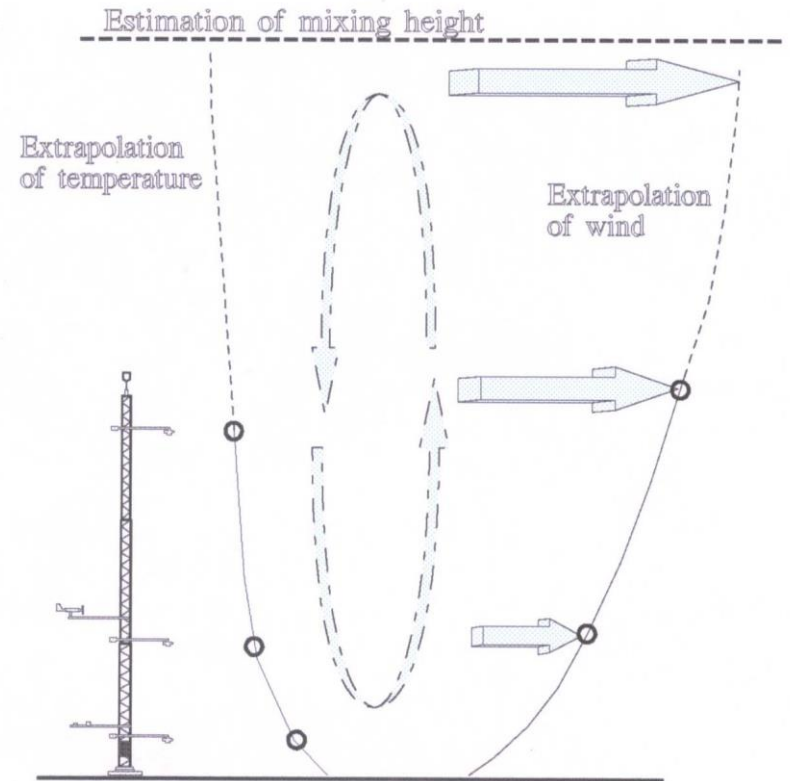
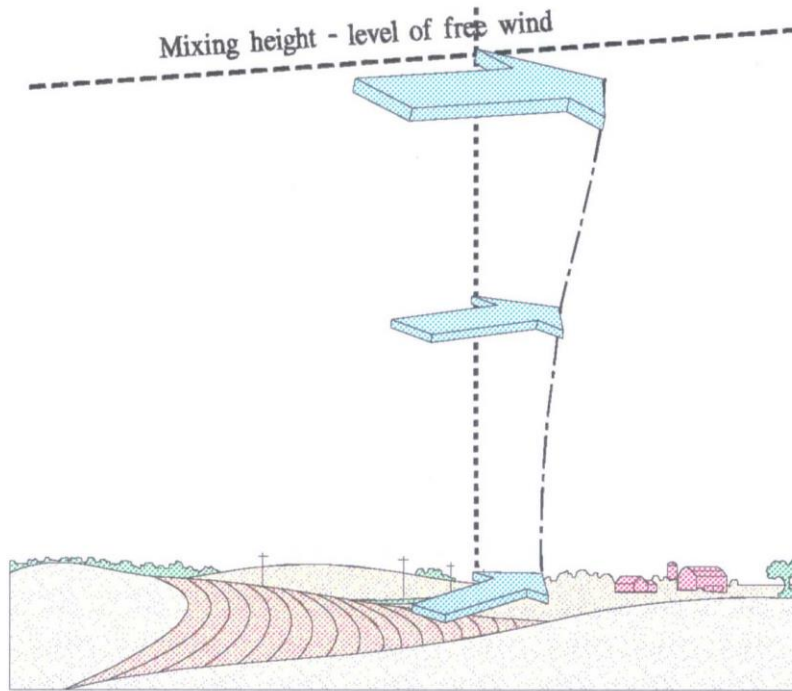


# Air Quality Condition in Tehran



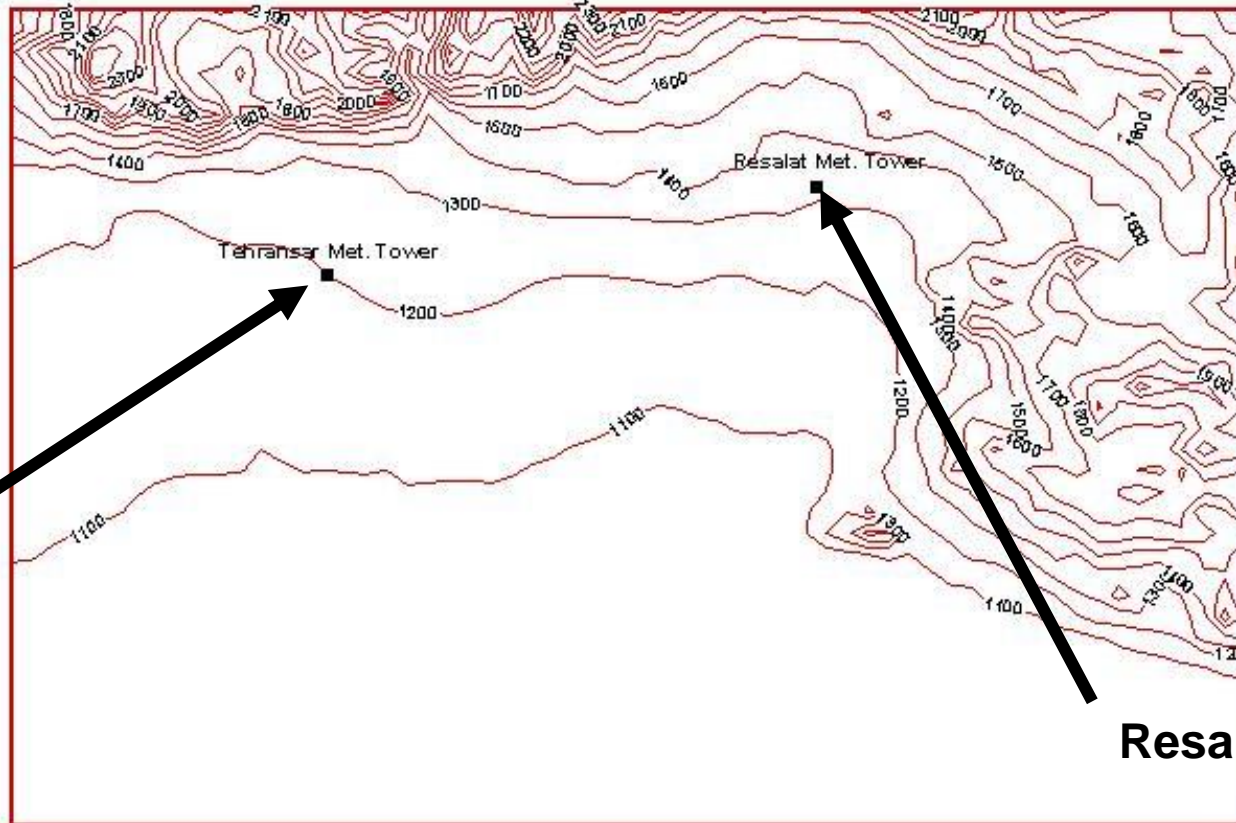
<b>dangerous</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
<b>very unhealthy</b>	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	
<b>unhealthy</b>	106	125	169	161	88	89	75	15	59	40	103	215	146	3
<b>healthy</b>	257	237	187	191	258	253	254	327	293	291	247	144	216	63
<b>clean</b>	1	2	8	11	20	23	36	23	13	32	14	3	3	2

# Local Meteorological Data

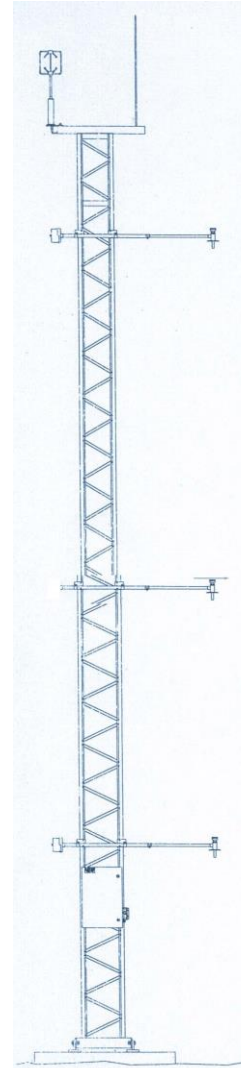


# Met Towers Locations in Tehran

**Tehransar**



**Resalat**



# Meteorological Data

## Technical description of met. sensors

Parameter	Requirements	Time resolution
Horizontal wind (Speed and direction)	Threshold < 0.25 m/s Accuracy better than 0.3%	15 minute mean value and standard deviation based on sensor output frequency 1 Hz
Vertical wind	Threshold $\approx 0$ accuracy better than 3%	15 minute standard deviation based on sensor output frequency 1 Hz
Temperature	Accuracy better than $\pm 0.1C$	Mean value over 15 minutes
Temperature difference	Accuracy better than $\pm 0.03C$	Mean value over 15 minutes

Parameter	Sensor type and configuration
Horizontal wind	A Propeller anemometer of "Air Quality" approved type (according to the US EPA).
Horizontal and vertical wind at the top of the mast	A three axis ultra sonic anemometer.
Temperature	Platinum sensor PT-100 in a traditional radiation shield or fan aspirated radiation shield.
Temperature difference	A bridge configuration of thermo couples for direct measurements of temperature difference. Mounted in fan aspirated radiation shields.
Global radiation	A pyranemometer based on a photo diode with a spectral response similar to the visual light.

Wind sensor: Gill Instrument 3-D Ultrasonic anemometer (at top of tower)

Horizontal wind sensor: Young Wind Monitor AQ (on boom at 10 meters)

Temperature sensor: PT-100

Temperature difference: Thermocouples (between 8-2 and 22-8)

Radiation shield: young (fan ventilated)

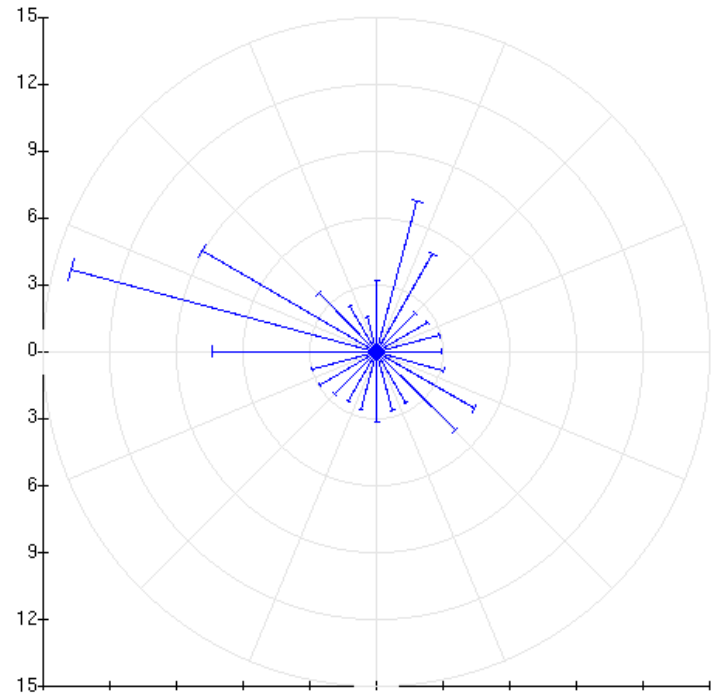
Logger: Campbell CR-10X



# Meteorological Data

## Wind Rose

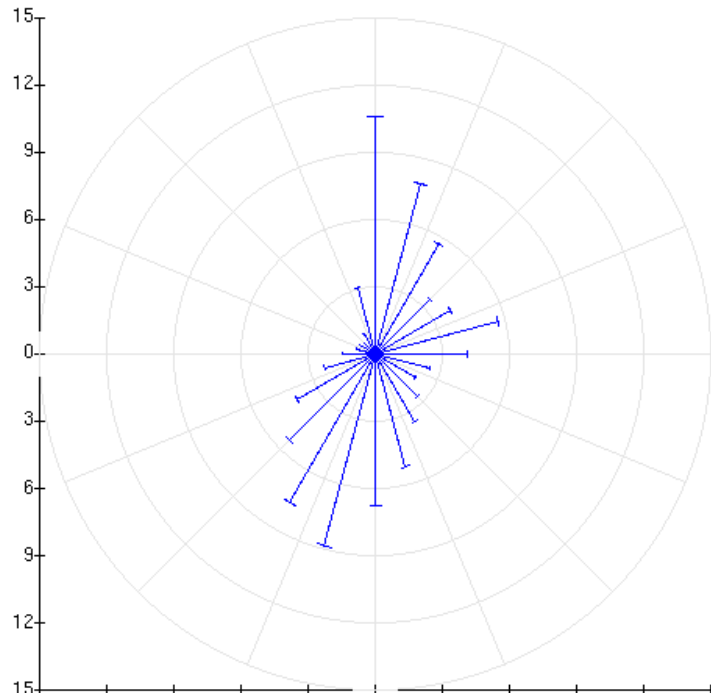
Graph type: Freq/sector (Windrose)  
020301 00 - 030101 00, Weekday : All, Day type: All,  
Period in year (mdd): 0101 - 1231, Period within day(hh): 01 - 24.  
Sector size=15



Y: Tehransar tower, Wind dir, 010, Value (Deg.M)

### Tehransar

Graph type: Freq/sector (Windrose)  
020301 00 - 030101 00, Weekday : All, Day type: All,  
Period in year (mdd): 0101 - 1231, Period within day(hh): 01 - 24.  
Sector size=15



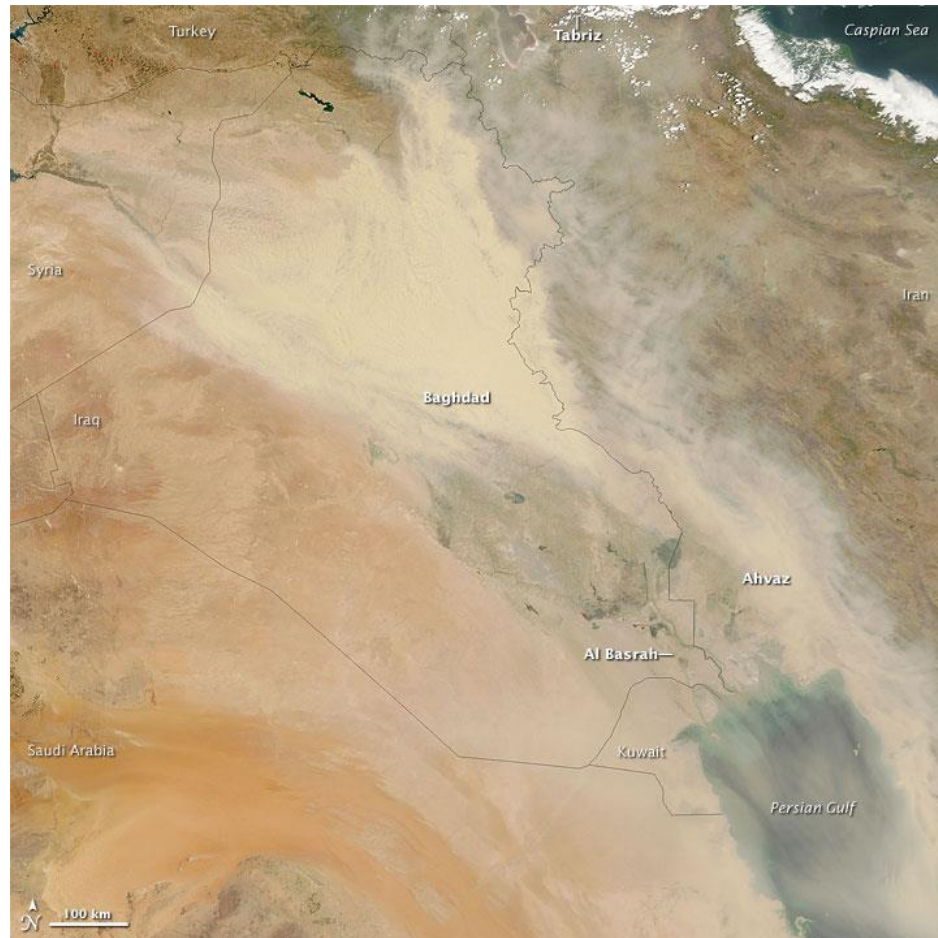
Y: Resalat tower, Wind dir, 010, Value (Deg.M)

### Resalat

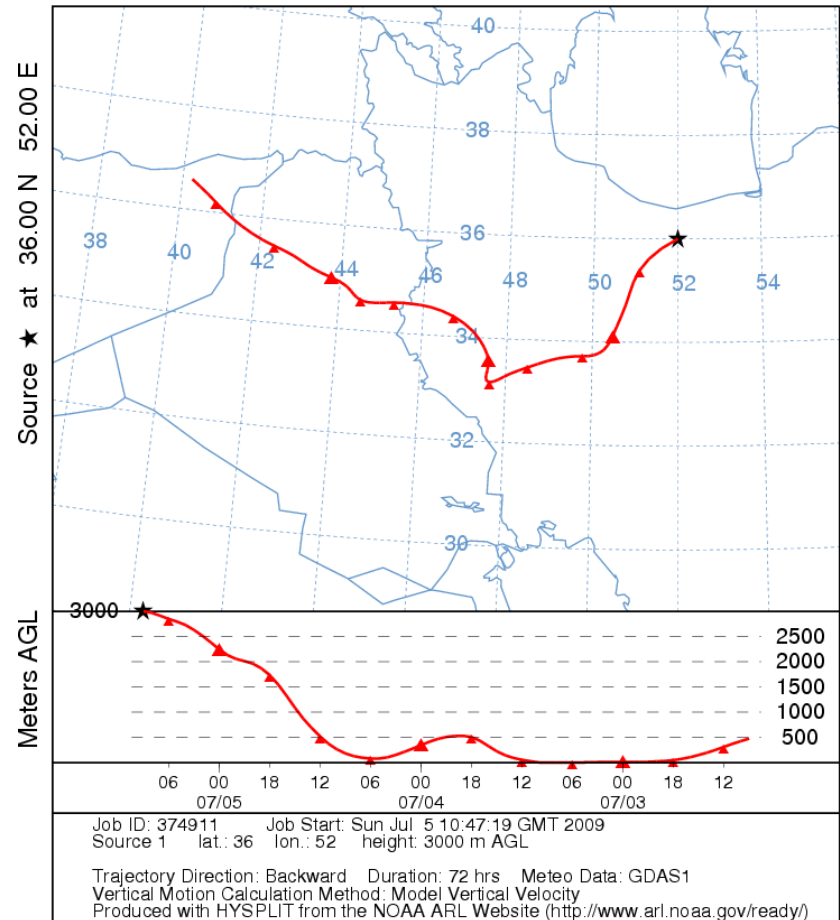
# Implementation of Air Quality Modelling in Tehran

- Tehran Transport Emission Reduction Project (1997, GEF, Swedish joint venture and AQCC)
- An Integrated Master Plan in Air pollution Control in GTA (1997, JICA, JWA , UNICO and AQCC)

# Trajectory of Particulates over Iran

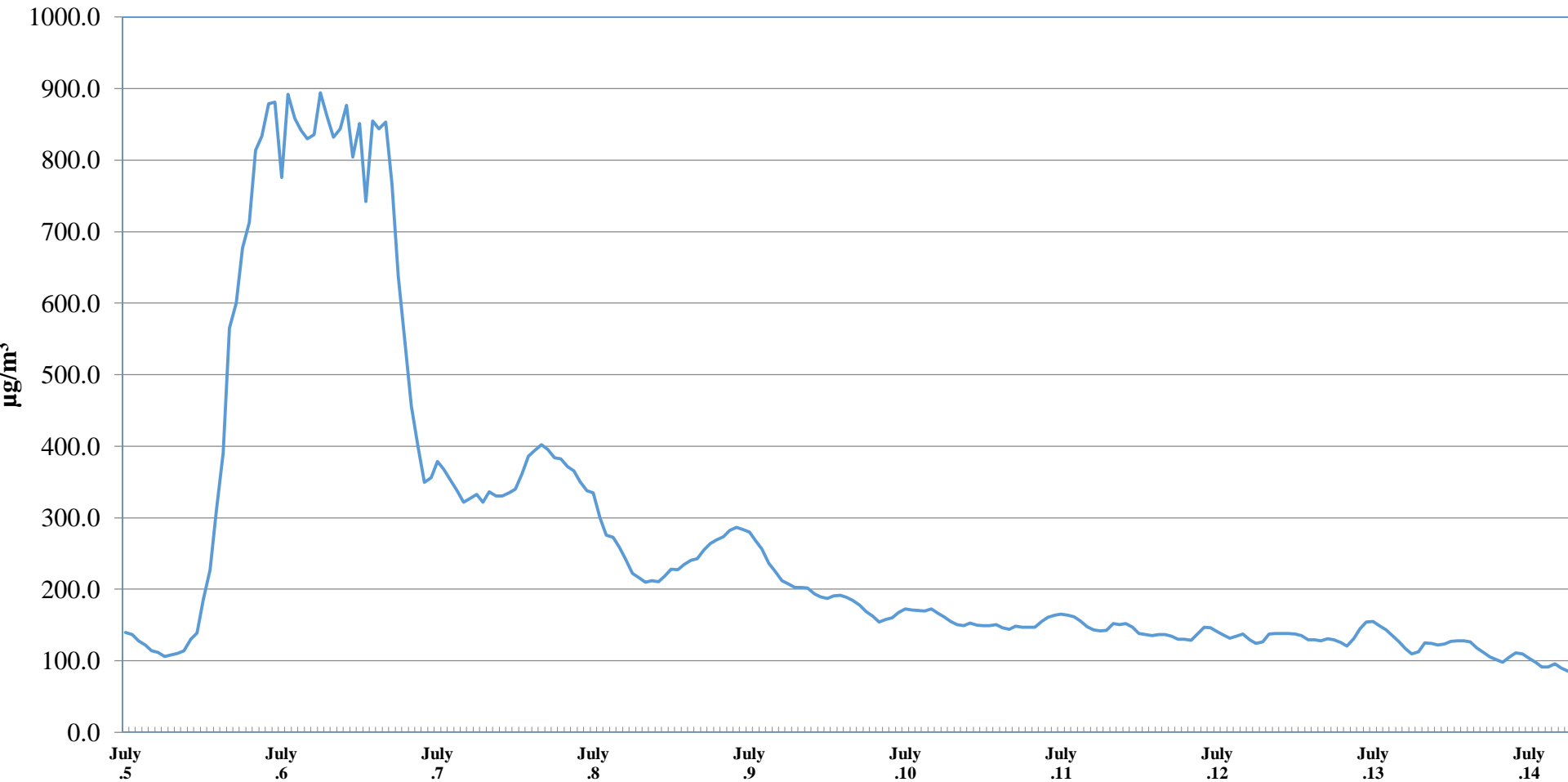


NOAA HYSPLIT MODEL  
 Backward trajectory ending at 0900 UTC 05 Jul 09  
 GDAS Meteorological Data



NASA Picture July 4

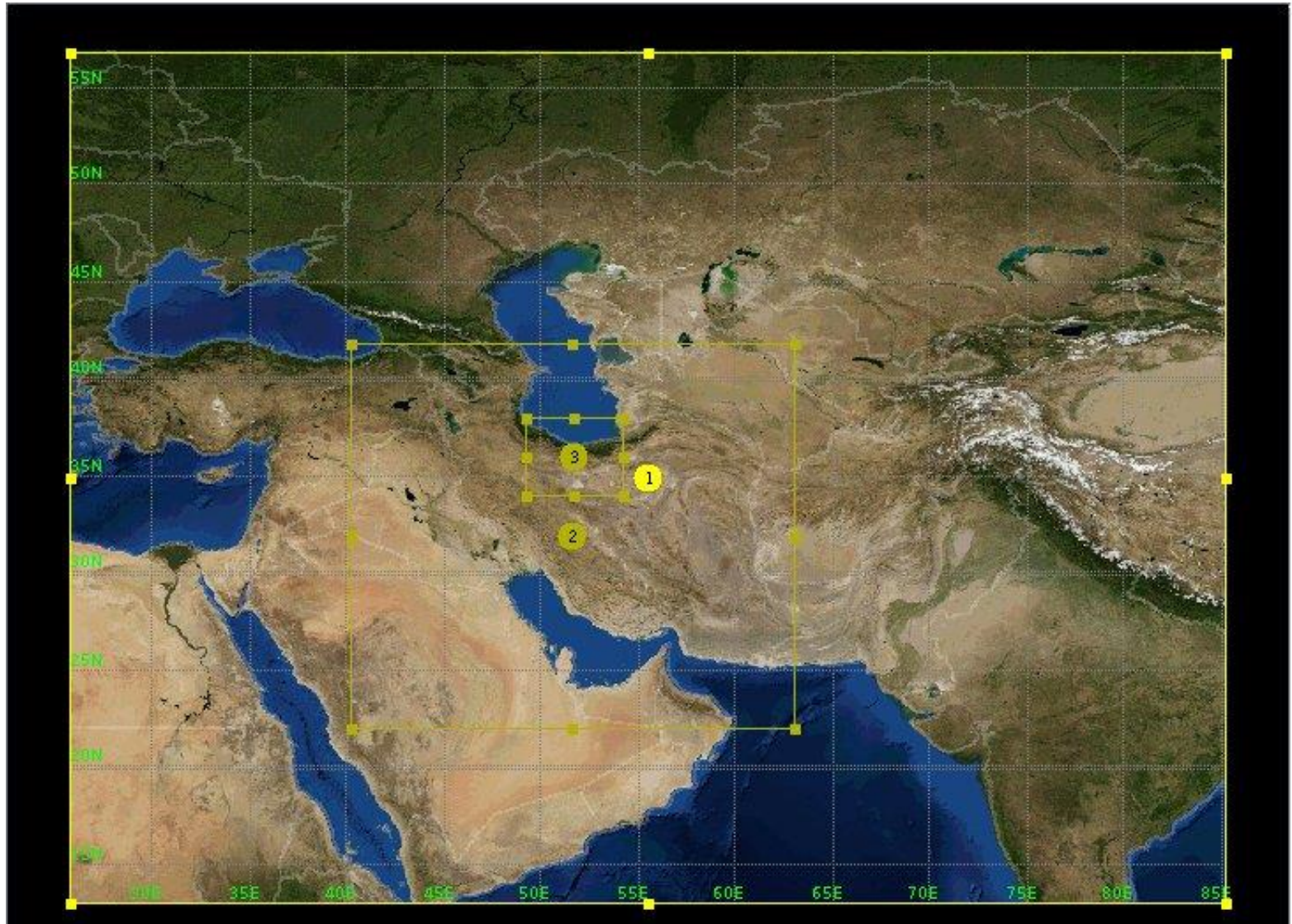
# Transboundary Air Pollution Episode in Tehran (2009)



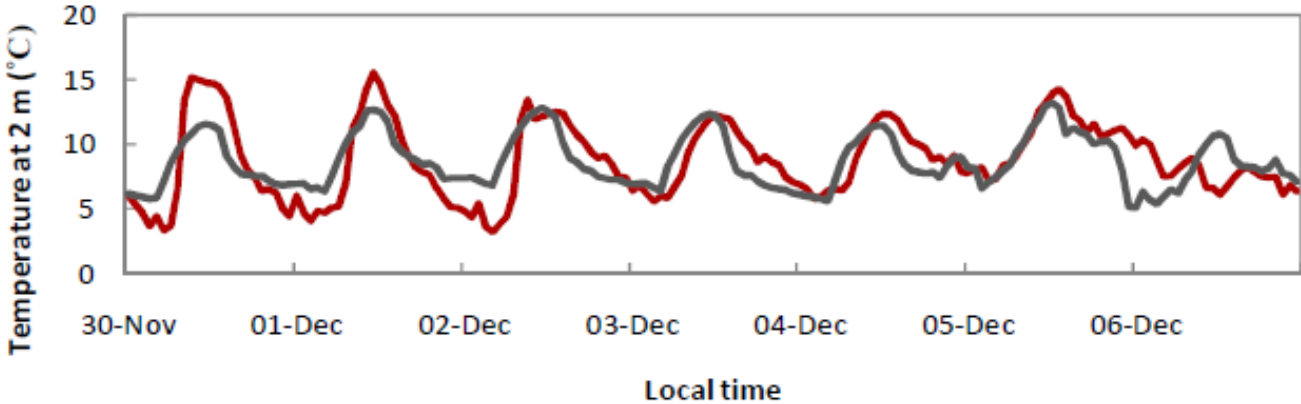
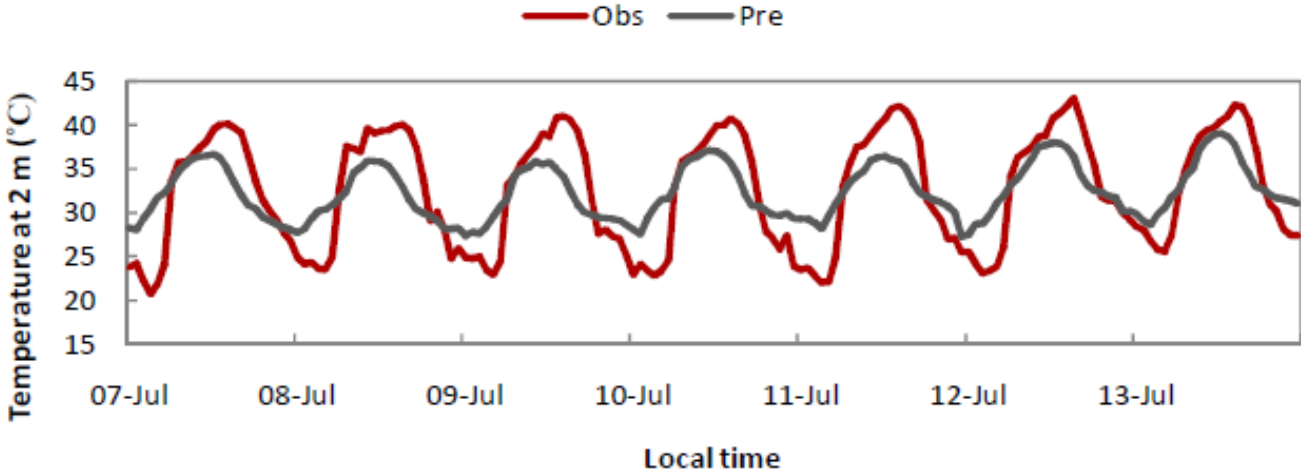
# Current Air Pollution Modelling in Tehran

- Source Oriented Approach:
  - Combination of WRF and CAMx
  
- Receptor Oriented Approach
  - Chemical Mass Balance (CMB)

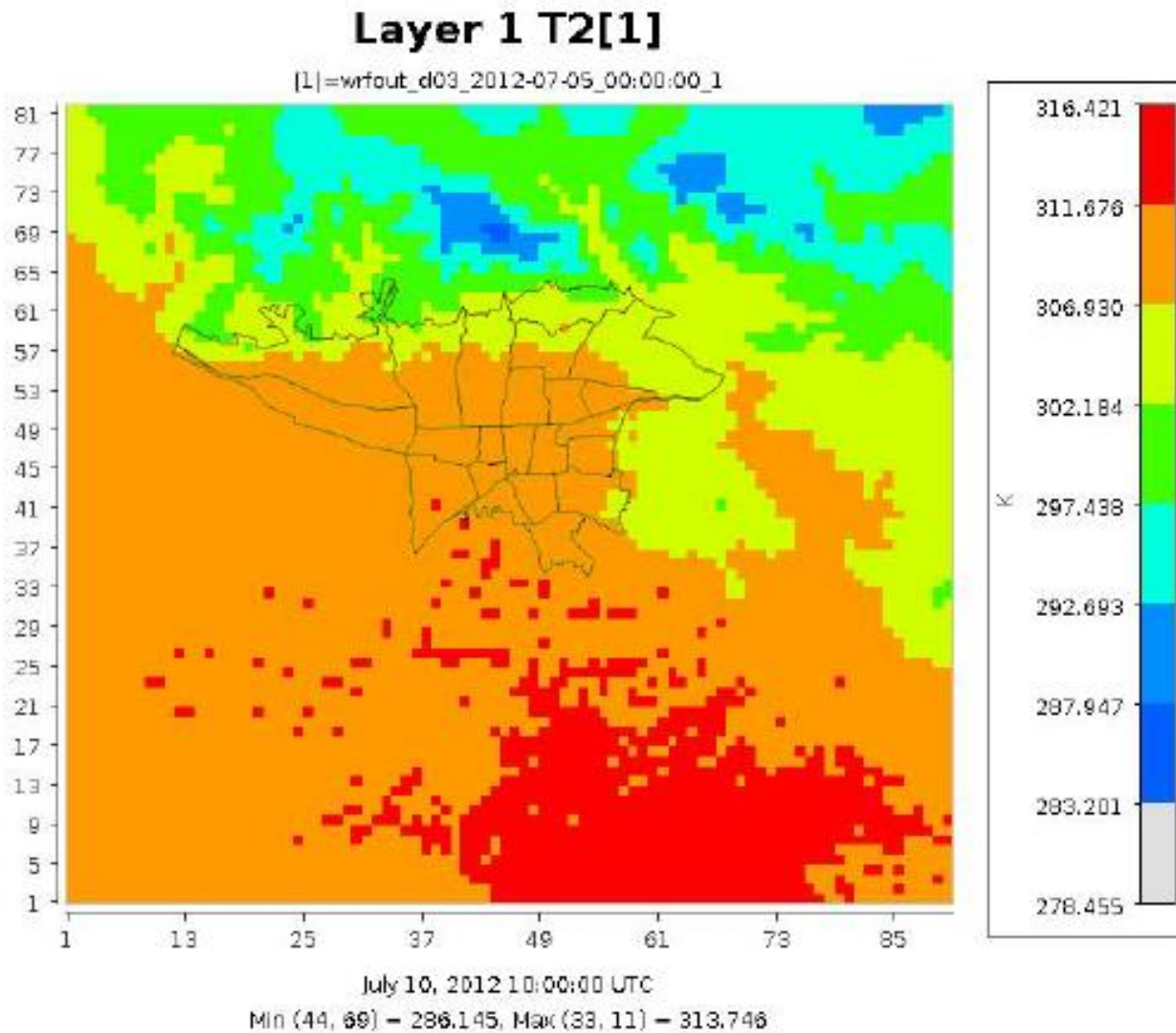
# Current Air Pollution Modelling in Tehran



# WRF Results

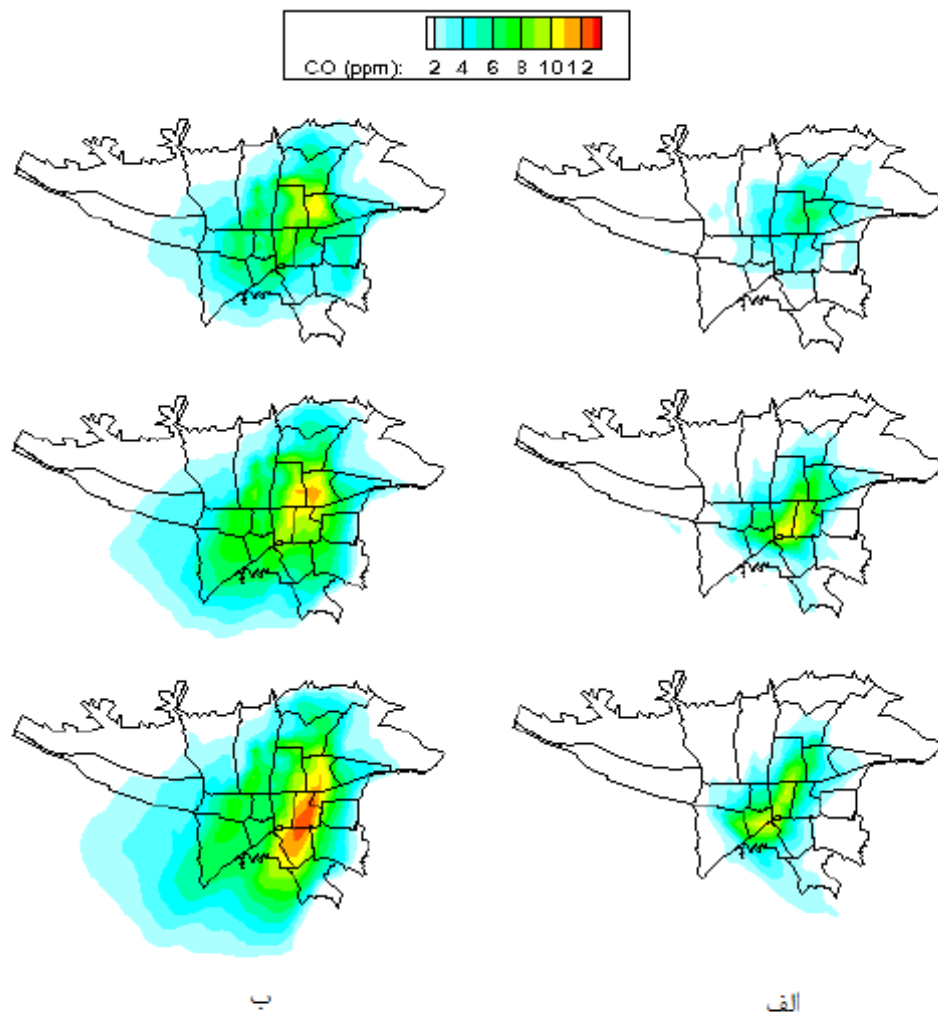


# WRF Results





# CAMx Results



نحوه پراکنش مونوکسیدکربن CO مدل سازی شده بوسیله مدل CAMx در سطح شهر تهران در ساعت های

۹، ۱۱ و ۱۰ (الف) ۱۰ ژوئیه و ب) ۳ دسامبر، ۲۰۱۲

# Air Quality Modelling Development Plans

- Prepare an accurate emission inventory in Tehran area
- Implementation of WRF-Chem in order to estimate tranboundary airborne particulates
- Implementation of advanced trajectory models (FLEXPART, FLEXTRA) for large scale purposes